

1. D
It is the less recognized message the author wants to highlight

2. C
Both are valid.

3. B
Consider the number to be n.
The difference between answers he got $7n/9$ & Actual Answer $9n/7$ is 32. So,

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{9n}{7} - \frac{7n}{9} &= 32 \\ \frac{81n - 49n}{63} &= 32 \\ \frac{32n}{63} &= 32\end{aligned}$$

$$n = 63$$

4. B
6.66%
According to formula,

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Difference between SI \& CI} &= \frac{\text{Principal} \times \text{Rate}^2}{100^2} \\ 40 &= \frac{9000 \times r^2}{100 \times 100} \\ r^2 &= \frac{400}{9} \\ r^2 &= \frac{20}{3} = 6.66\%\end{aligned}$$

5. C
Average age of old ladies before 3 years = 42
Their present age average $O_1 + O_2 + O_3 = 42 + 3 = 45$
Total age = $\frac{O_1 + O_2 + O_3}{3}$
 $= 40 \times 3 = 135$
 $= O_1 + O_2 + O_3 = 135$ (1)
The average age of 2nd & 3rd old lady 5 years ago = 25
Their present age average = $25 + 5$
 $= O_2 + O_3 = 30$
Their total age $\Rightarrow \frac{O_2 + O_3}{2} = 60$ (2)
Substitute (2) in (1)
 $O_1 + (O_2 + O_3) = 135$
 $O_1 = 135 - 60$

$$O_1 = 75$$

The present age of old lady 1 = 75 years old.

6. C

2	1012, 1276, 1716, 2112
2	506, 638, 858, 1056
11	253, 319, 429, 528
	23, 29, 39, 48

Most of the remainders are prime numbers so it can't be divided further.

So, Ans = $11 \times 2 \times 2 = 44$.

7. D

Even if India enjoyed near universal supporter, there is no way that India alone can be elected says the passage.

8. A

Challenge is for permanent membership only.

9. C

II and IV are false according to the passage.

10. B

Focuses on increasing the awareness regarding the benefits of surrendering over abandonment, which is the thrust of the passage.

11. A

Both assumptions flow from the passage.

12. D

2205

Total No of invalid votes = 30%

So, total no of valid votes = 70%

$$\text{So, } 70\% \text{ of } 7000 = \frac{70}{100} \times 7000 = 4900$$

Total valid votes secured by Rajesh = 55%

Total valid votes secured by Ramesh = 45%

$$\text{So, } 45\% \text{ of } 4900 = \frac{45}{100} \times 4900$$

$$= 45 \times 49$$

$$= 2205$$

13. A

Cost price of the watch = Rs.60,000.

Profit they need to make out of sale = 20% of the CP.

$$= \frac{20}{100} \times 60000$$

$$= 12000$$

Selling price of the watch will be $CP + P = 60,000 + 12000 = 72000$

The discount given in the marked price (i.e. 100% of the watch) is 10%. So, the selling price which is

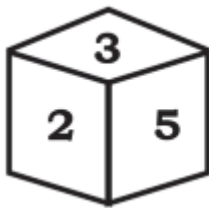
$$90\% = 72,000$$

$$100\% \text{ (MP)} = ?$$

$$MP = \frac{7200 \times 100}{9}$$

$$\text{Marked Price} = 80,000$$

14. D



The numbers 2 and 5 are present in both the dice. So, the remaining visible faces are the opposite sides.

So, opposite of '3' is '6'.

15. C

From centre, the added value decreases in left and right.

2,	6,	12,	20,	?,	38,	50
↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓
1^2+1 ,	2^2+2 ,	3^2+3 ,	4^2+4 ,	5^2+3 ,	6^2+2 ,	7^2+1
				↓		
				$25+3=28$		

16. C

Passage supports that assumption.

17. B

Straight from the passage.

18. D
I alone is a wrong measure.
19. A
I is a valid assumption.
20. B

Players from different countries:

(a) Uzbekistan $28/100 \times 8000 = 2240$	(b) India $18/100 \times 8000 = 1440$
(c) Ukraine $14/100 \times 8000 = 1120$	(d) Georgia $13/100 \times 8000 = 1040$
(e) Armenia $15/100 \times 8000 = 1200$	(f) Britain $12/100 \times 8000 = 960$

Female Players:

(b) Uzbekistan $12/100 \times 3500 = 630$	(b) India $13/100 \times 3500 = 1440$
(c) Ukraine $13/100 \times 3500 = 455$	(d) Georgia $10/100 \times 3500 = 350$
(e) Armenia $25/100 \times 3500 = 875$	(f) Britain $21/100 \times 3500 = 735$

Ratio between female players of Georgia & Armenia

$$= 10\% : 25\%$$

$$= 10:25$$

$$= 2:5$$

21. D
Total no. of male players from Uzbekistan & Ukraine.
Male players from Uzbekistan
= Total – female
= $2240 - 630 = 1610$
Male players from Ukraine
= Total – female
= $1120 - 455$
= 665
Total male players
= $1610 + 665 = 2275$

22. C
Ratio of male students from India & Ukraine
India (male)

$$= 1440 - 455 = 985$$

Ukraine (male)

$$= 1120 - 455 = 665$$

Ratio = 985:665

$$= 197:133$$

23. A

Ratio between female & male in Georgia.

Female = 350.

Male = 1040 - 350 = 690.

Ratio = 350 : 690

$$= 35 : 69$$

24. C

Female & male percentage from India.

$$455/985 \times 100 = 46\%$$

25. A

$x + (x+2) + (x+4) + (x+6) + (x+8)$ (sum of 5 consecutive even numbers)

$$= 116 + y + (y+2) + (y+4) + (y+6)$$

$$5x + 20 = 116 + 4y + 12$$

$$5x - 4y = 108 \dots\dots\dots (1)$$

Given that smallest odd no & smallest even no sum = 50.

$$\text{So, } x + y = 55 \dots\dots\dots (2)$$

Solve (1) & (2)

$$\begin{array}{r} 5x - 4y = 108 \dots\dots(1) \\ 5x + 4y = 275 \dots\dots(2) \times 5 \\ \hline (-) \quad (-) \quad (-) \\ \hline -y = -167 \\ \hline y = 167 \end{array}$$

26. D

Rest are not important/ relevant.

27. D

Most crucial and logical.

28. A

The total ratio value is $3+5+9+13=30$

CSAT TS1 Solution

$$= \text{Share of Prasad} = 9x/30 = 3x/10$$

$$= \text{Share of Balaji} = 3x/30 = x/10$$

From the question

$$\text{Prasad} = 18000 + \text{Balaji}$$

$$\text{So, Prasad share} - \text{Balaji share} = 1800$$

$$= 3x/10 - x/10 = 1800$$

$$= 2x/10 = 1800$$

$$= x/5 = 1800$$

$$= x = 9000$$

Amount of share received by Arun & Vimal

$$= (5+13)/30 \times 9000$$

$$= 18 \times 300 = 5400$$

29. B.

Ratio of their workdays.

$$= 15:20$$

$$= 3:4.$$

Ratio of their wages is the reverse ratio = 4:3.

$$\text{Total Income} = 3500$$

$$\text{Share of Amit} = 4/7 \times 3500$$

$$= 2000$$

30. D

Time taken to overtake (T) = Distance between the two players / Relative Speed

Relative speed = $S_1 - S_2$ (Since both are in same direction)

$$= 10 - 8$$

$$= 2 \text{ kmph (convert to m/s)}$$

$$= 2 \times (5/18) = 10/18$$

$$\text{Time (T)} = D/S = 100/10 = 180 \text{ sec}$$

$$\text{Convert Seconds into Minutes} = 180/60 = 3 \text{ minutes}$$

31. D

Most logical and rational inference from the passage

32. D

Right answer straight from the passage.

33. D

From the passage I and III are the attributes of twentieth century capitalism.

34. B

Gorbachev through his concepts of perestroika and glasnost wanted to save common citizens from being oppressed by the powerful.

35. A

Based on statements mentioned in the passage

36. D

Length & breadth are in the ratio 7:2 which is $= 7x, 2x$.

Area of rectangle $= l \times b = 3584 \text{ m}^2$

$$= 7x \times 2x = 3584$$

$$= x^2 = 256$$

$$= x = 16$$

So, $l = 7 \times 16$, $b = 2 \times 16$

$$l = 112; \quad b = 32$$

Perimeter $= 2(l+b)$

$$= 2[112+32]$$

$$= 2 \times 144$$

$$= 288 \text{ m}$$

37. C

From the question,

Dosa > Vada > Idly

Total items = 32.

Checking from options,



a) If there is 12 or 13 vada, Remaining $32-12 = 20$ items.

Since Dosa is greater than vada, It should be greater than 12 or 13.

So, $20-12=8$

(at least 9 items should be there for each)

$8 < 9$, so condition not satisfied.

b) If there is 11 or 12 vada.

Remaining $= 32-12$

(as same as option a) but if we take 11 it is possible but not incase of 12.

c) 10 or 11 vada

$32-10 = 22$.

No. of Dosa maybe 13

So, $22-13 = 9$ idlies.

Similar to 10 also. Satisfied all condition

So, c is the answer.

d) 9 or 11.

$$32-9=23$$

Out of 23, if Dosa is more than vada, Ex-10.

$$23-10=13 \text{ idlies.}$$

It violates rule because number of idlies is greater than vada.

Answer – option (c).

38. A

Vishal had reached Patna 3 days earlier i.e on Friday.

So, the exact day he has to reach is = Friday + 3 = Monday.

So, If vishal reach on Sunday, he will reach one day before the actual day.

So answer – option (a).

39. A

Dimensions of the floor.

$$l = 35\text{m, } b = 49\text{m.}$$

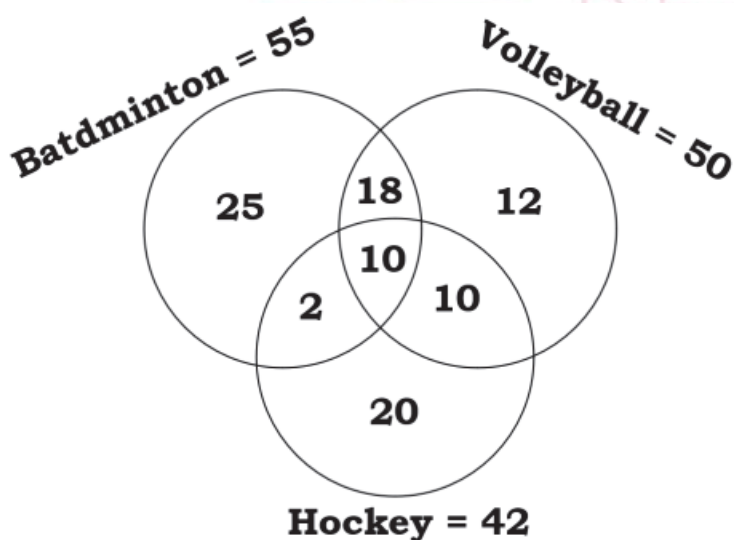
Dimensions of tile = side = 7m.

$$\text{No. of tiles needed to decorate the floor} = \frac{\text{Floor Area (Reactangle)}}{\text{Tile Area (square)}}$$

$$= (l \times b)/a^2 = \frac{35 \times 49}{7 \times 7}$$

40. C

By venn diagram



Students who are interested in only Badminton and volleyball = $28-10 = 18\%$

Students who are interested in only volleyball & Hockey = $20 - 10 = 10\%$

Students who are interested in only Badminton and Hockey = $12-10 = 2\%$

Students who are interested only in Badminton = $55-18-10-2=25\%$

Students who are interested only in Volleyball = $50-18-10-10 = 12\%$

Students who are interested only in Hockey = $42-10-10-2=20\%$

Percentage of students who interested in exactly on sport = $25+2+20=57\%$

41. D

Time taken by p1, p2 & p3 is 2 hours, 6 hours & 12 hours

Amount of Work Done by 3 pipes is $\frac{1}{2}$; $\frac{1}{6}$; and $\frac{1}{12}$
p1 & p2 fills while p3 empties

$$\text{Total work done} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{12}$$

Taking LCM,

$$= \frac{6 + 2 - 1}{12} = \frac{8 - 1}{12} = \frac{7}{12}$$

Total time is the Reverse of total work done $= \frac{12}{7} = 1 \left(\frac{5}{7} \right)$ option D

42. C

From the given information's,

- i. A – brother of Band C, so he is a male.
- ii. D – Father of C, so he is male
- iii. B – Son of E, so he is male
- iv. If D is father of C and B is son of E, and D is a male, so, E should be a female, wife of D and mother of A, B and C.
- v. D has only one daughter. D and E are married couples with A & B their sons.
So, C should be their daughter.

So, option C will not be true since c is a female.

43. C

Both are valid assumptions.

44. B

Nontraditional dangers have become more prevalent not highly prevalent

45. D

Highly critical of the draft Telecom Bill

46. D

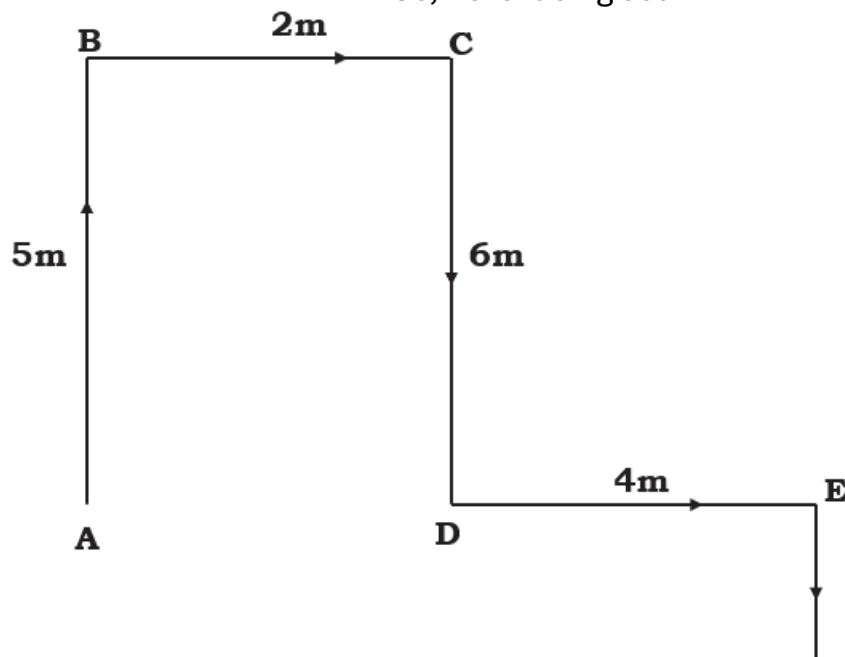
None are good points of the drafts Telecom Bill

47. A

Due to centralization and repackaging the pre-independence laws as reforms, it is likely to lead to more regulations.

48. A

So, he is facing south.



49. A

$$\text{EMI} = 20 \text{ parts out of } 100 \text{ parts} = \frac{20}{100} = \frac{1}{5}$$

50. C

Clothing expenditure of family B is 20 parts out of 100.

$$= 20/100 \times 10,000 = 2000$$

51. D

Food, EMI and clothing expenditure for Family A is $40+30+10=70$ out of 100 parts.

$$= 70/100 \times 30,000 = 21,000$$

52. D

Although the percentage of expenditure for EMI and Entertainment is same for both families, we cannot determine who spend higher because the total amount for expenditure is not mentioned in the question. So, option-d cannot be determined.

53. C

- 2 in odd places and +2 in even places. So, answer is option (c).

54. C

Depression among elders is high and support systems to cater to their financial, social and health aspects are needed, not just one single aspect.

55. C

Based on the article rest of the statements are wrong

56. D

2	2, 3, 5, 6, 9, 12
3	1, 3, 5, 3, 9, 6
	1, 1, 5, 1, 3, 2

$$= \text{LCM} = 2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 3 \times 2$$

$$= 180 \text{ minutes or 3 hours.}$$

Time interval between 5.00 am to 2.00 pm = 9 hours.

So, for 9 hours, they will ring for $\frac{9}{3} = 3$ times

57. C

The average of her 18 games = 30.

So by Formula,

$$\frac{\text{Total of All Games}}{\text{Total No. of Observation}} = \text{Average}$$

$$= \frac{\text{Total of All Games}}{18} = 30$$

$$= \text{Total of All Games} = 18 \times 30 = 540$$

Her highest point exceeds her lowest score by 20.

So, $H = L + 20$ (or) $L = H - 20$.

Without considering the highest & lowest point game, then the average decreases by 2 = 28

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} 540 & - & H & - & L & = & 16 \times 28 \\ \uparrow & & \uparrow & & \uparrow & & \uparrow \\ \text{Original} & & \text{Highest} & & \text{Lowest} & & \text{New} \\ \text{total} & & \text{point} & & \text{point} & & \text{Average} \\ & & & & \text{2 games} & & \end{array}$$

$$540 - H - L = 448.$$

Substitute L in above equation.

$$540 - H - (H - 20) = 448$$

$$540 - H - H + 20 = 448 \text{ (multiply minus inside)}$$

$$-2H = -112$$

$$H = 56$$

58. A

Let the initial amount Sheela had be 'x'.

Sheela spent 90% & gave remaining 10% to Meena.

$$= x \times \left(\frac{10}{100}\right)$$
$$= \frac{x}{10}$$

15% - On books.

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} \frac{x}{10} & - & \left(\frac{x}{10} \times \frac{15}{100} \right) & - & \left(\frac{x}{10} \times \frac{20}{100} \right) & = & 1950 \\ \uparrow & & \uparrow & & \uparrow & & \uparrow \\ \text{Amount} & & \text{15\% on} & & \text{20\% on} & & \text{Remaining} \\ \text{given by} & & \text{books.} & & \text{medicines} & & \text{amount} \\ \text{Sheela} & & & & & & \text{after} \\ \text{to} & & & & & & \text{spending} \\ \text{meena.} & & & & & & \end{array}$$

$$\left(\frac{x}{10}\right) - \left(\frac{15x}{1000}\right) - \left(\frac{20x}{1000}\right) = 1950$$

$$\frac{65x}{1000} = 1950$$

$$X = 30,000$$

Sheela had 30,000 = 3000 (amount which Sheela gave to Meena)

Let CP of Normal Shirt be x :

$$\text{CP of Branded T Shirt} = x + 150$$

$$\text{SP of Normal Shirt (10\% profit)} = x \times \left(\frac{110}{100}\right) = \frac{11x}{10}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{SP of Branded Shirt (20\% Loss)} &= (x + 150)x \left(\frac{80}{100} \right) \\ &= \frac{8x + 1200}{10}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \frac{11x}{10} \\ \hline 8x + 1200 \\ \frac{10}{x} \\ \hline 2x + 300 \\ \hline 2x + 300 = 3x \\ 3x - 2x = 300 \end{array}$$

$$x = 300 = \text{price of normal shirt}$$

CP of branded shirt = 300 + 150 = Rs 450

60. B

Simple Interest = Principle x Rate of Interest x Number of Years)/100

$$100 = (Px2xR)/100$$

$$PR = 5000 \dots\dots\dots (1)$$

Let us take difference formula.

$$CI - SI = \frac{PR^2}{100^2}$$

$$110 - 100 = (PR \times R)/100 \times 100)$$

$$10 = \frac{5000 \times R}{100 \times 100}$$

$$R = 20\%$$

SI = Rs. 100 for 2 years = for 1 years is Rs. 50 which is 20%

If 20% = 50

Then 100% = Rs. 250 (which is principle)

61. B

Gandhiji will not agree only with Statement 4.

62. D

The classical statement means that

63. D

Both are wrong.

64. A

Urbanization was the focus which also broke down social hierarchies

65. A

(a) Count the number of odd days from the year 2002 onwards to get the sum equal to 0 odd day.

Year :	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Odd day:	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	2	1

Sum = 14 odd days = 0 odd days.

Calendar for the year 2013 will be same as for the year 2002.

66. B

Table for question 41 to 43

Important Cities	Industrial City	Part City	Hill Station	University
A	✓	✗	✗	✓
B	✓	✓	✗	✗
C	✗	✓	✗	✗
D	✗	✗	✓	✓
E	✓	✗	✗	✓

B' has both Industry and Port but not University.

67. C

'C' has no Industry and no hill station

68. B

'B' and 'C' are port cities.

69. B

Contradiction means anyone of them speak lie for same fact There are 2 cases for contradiction

(i) Akash speak truth and Vasu lies.

(i.e does not speak truth)

$$= \left(\frac{3}{4}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{6}\right) = \frac{3}{24}$$

(ii) Akash lies (does not speak truth & Vasu speak truth).

$$= \left(\frac{1}{4}\right) \times \left(\frac{5}{6}\right) = \frac{5}{24}$$

Combining both will give the state of contradiction

$$= \left(\frac{3}{24}\right) \times \left(\frac{5}{24}\right) = \frac{8}{24} = \frac{1}{3}$$

70. A

Combination 1

Hari is present, Shanthi is not present

$$= 4C_2 + 5C_2$$

$$= \frac{4!}{(4-2)! \times 2!} \times \left(\frac{5!}{(3-2)! \times 2!}\right)$$

Combination 2

$$= 6 \times 10 = 60$$

Shanthi is present, Hari is not present.

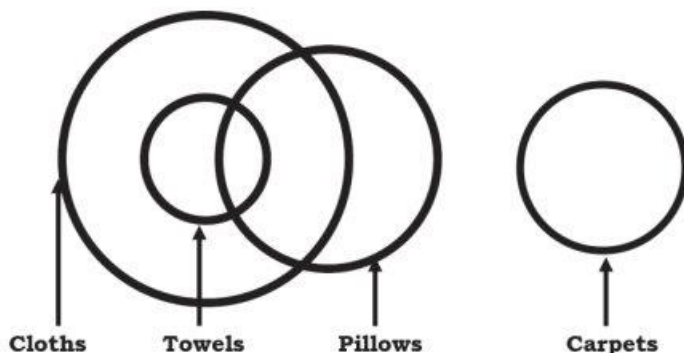
$$= 4C_3 + 5C_1$$

$$= \frac{4!}{(4-3)! \times 3!} \times \left(\frac{5!}{(5-1)! \times 1!} \right)$$

$$= 4 \times 5 = 20 \dots\dots\dots (1)$$

$$\text{Total} = \text{Combination 1} + \text{Combination 2} = 60 + 20 = 80$$

71. B I, II and IV only follows



72. C
Answer is option C going from the option.

No. of questions he attempted = 54.

So mark is $54 \times 2 = 108$.

He left 12 questions,

So, $12 \times 0.5 = 6$ marks (to be deducted).

$$108 - 6 = 102.$$

$$\text{Remaining} = 100 - (54 + 12)$$

$$= 100 - 66$$

$$= 34 \text{ questions (incorrectly answer).}$$

So, $102 - 34 = 68$ (Matching with the net score).

73. C
= Answer option C
= Multiply $7 \times 2800 = 19600$
= Which is square of 140

74. B

$$a^2 - b^2 = 117$$

$$= (a+b)(a-b) = 117$$

$$(\text{Substitute } a^2 - b^2 = (a+b)(a-b))$$

$$= (a+b)(3) = 117$$

$$= a+b = \frac{117}{3} = \mathbf{39}$$

Given; $a - b = 3$

75. C

Let the total number of chocolates be x.

According to question,

$$\frac{x}{250} - \frac{2}{300} = 1 \text{ (one chocolate extra).}$$

$$\frac{6x - 5x}{1500} = 1$$

$$x = 1500$$

Answer is option c.

76. A

Western Dance

October**Day****Programs**

20th

Saturday

Carnatic music

21st

Sunday

Sunday (Holiday)

22nd

Monday

Classical dance

23rd

Tuesday

Group singing

24th

Wednesday

English play

25th

Thursday

Western dance

26th

Friday

Stand-up comedy

27th

Saturday

Instrument concert

77. A

One

78. D

Stand-up comedy

79. C

Group singing

80. C

Classical dance
